Materials	Living Things			Light and Astronomy
Distinguish between an object and the material from which it is made. Identify and name a variety of everyday materials, including wood, plastic, glass, metal, water, rock, brick, paper and cardboard. Describe the simple physical properties of a variety of everyday materials. Compare and group together a variety of everyday materials on the basis of their simple physical properties.	Animals - Other Animals Identify and name a variety of common animals including some fish, some amphibians, some reptiles, some birds and some mammals. Identify and name a variety of common animals that are carnivores, herbivores and omnivores (i.e. according to what they eat). Describe and compare the structure of a variety of common animals (fish, amphibians, reptiles, birds and mammals, and including pets). Find out and describe how animals look different to one another. Group together animals according to their different features. Recognise similarities between animals: Structure: head, body, way of moving, senses, body covering, tail. Animals have senses to explore the world around them and to help them to survive. Recognise that animals need to be treated with care and sensitivity to keep them alive and healthy. Animals are alive; they move, feed, grow, use their senses and reproduce.	Recognise that humans have many similarities.	Plants - Common Names and Basic Structure Identify and name a variety of common wild and garden plants, including deciduous and evergreen trees. Identify and describe the basic structure of a variety of common flowering plants, including trees (at least: flower, leaf, root, stem, trunk, seed, branch and petal).	Observe and describe changes across the four seasons. Observe and describe weather associated with the seasons and how day length and temperature varies.

Our Lady Star of the Sea SCIENCE KEY SKILLS YEAR 1

Exploring and observing	Grouping and classifying	Questioning	Research	Modelling	Collaborating
KS1 - Observing closely. Using their observations and ideas to suggest answers to questions.	KS1 - Compare and contrast a variety of examples linked to KS1 PoS	KS1 - Asking simple questions	KS1 - Finding things out using secondary sources of infor- mation	using dance, drama or a visual aid to represent science in the real world	interacting effectively as part of a group
Use simple scientific language from the year 2 PoS to talk about / record what they have noticed Use observations to make suggestions and/or ask questions Observe and describe simple processes/cycles/changes with several steps (e.g. growth cycle, simple food chain, saying how living things depend on one another) Observe closely and communicate with increasing accuracy the features or properties of things in the real world	Name / Identify common examples, some common features or different uses Sort and group objects, materials or living things by observable and/or behavioural features Compare and contrast a variety of things [objects, materials or living things] - focusing on the similarities as well as the differences	Raise their own logical questions based on or linked to things they have observed With help / scaffolds, begin to ask questions such as 'What will happen if?"	Talk about how useful the information source was and express opinion about findings Make suggestions about who to ask or where to look for information. Ask people questions to help them answer their questions Use simple and appropriate secondary sources (such as books, photographs, videos and other technology) to find things out / find answers	Act out something to represent something else about the world around us (e.g a life cycle)	Share ideas in a group and listen to the ideas of others Work cooperatively with others on a science task making some choices
Begin to use simple scientific language (from yr1 PoS) to talk about or record what they have noticed Use observations to make suggestions and/or ask questions Look / observe closely and communicate changes over time Look / observe closely and communicate the features or properties of things in the real world Observe closely using their senses	Name/identify common examples and some common features With help, decide how to sort and group objects, materials or living things Name basic features of objects, materials and living things Say how things are similar or different Compare and contrast simple observable features / characteristics of objects, materials and living things	Ask simple questions about what they notice about the world around them Demonstrate curiosity by the questions they ask	Ask people questions (e.g. an expert or hot-seating) Use simple primary and secondary sources (such as objects, books and photographs) to find things out	With help, follow movements (dance / drama) to act out their Science	Share ideas in a group and listen to the ideas of others Work with others on a science task
Talk about and draw pictures of what they have seen	Find things that are similar or different Sort / match things in their own way (objects/living things/events) Use simple equipment to sort things into Use senses to help sort things	Ask a question Show that they are curious	Talk to people about what they do Talk to people about how things work	With help, follow movements to act out the Science they are learning about	Work with others on a science task

	Planning and testing KS1 - Performing simple tests LKS2 - making decisions about and setting up simple practical enquiries, comparative tests and fair tests	Using equipment and measure KS1 - Using simple equipment and gathering data to help in answering their questions. LKS2 - making accurate measurements and gathering data	Communicating Reporting findings, recording data, presenting findings Read, spell and pronounce scientific vocabulary correctly linked to the relevant Yr Grp	Describing results and looking for patterns KS1 - Talk about what hap- pened/what they noticed LKS2 - Describing their findings/ results	Explaining Results KS1 - Talk about what they found out. LKS2 - reporting on find- ings saying why some- thing happened	Trusting Results KS1 - Beginning to spot when a method is not fair. LKS2 - suggest improvements for further tests
Year 2	Carry out simple comparative tests as part of a group, following a method with some independence Make a simple prediction about what might happen and try to give a vague reason (even though it might not be correct) With support, make suggestions on a method for setting up a simple comparative test Talk about a practical way to find answers to their questions	Measure using non-standard and simple standard measures (e.g. cm, time) with increasing accuracy Begin to make decisions about which equipment to use Correctly and safely use equipment provided to make observations and/or take simple measurements	Record and communicate their findings in a range of ways to a variety of audiences Use simple scientific language with increasing accuracy (from year 2 PoS) Record simple data with some accuracy to help in answering questions; With support or using frameworks, make decisions about how to complete a variety of tables/charts (e.g. a 2 column table, tally charts, Venn diagram, pictograms, block graphs with 1:1 scale). Present findings in a class displays Sequence / annotate photographs of change over time Produced increasingly detailed drawings which are labelled/annotated.	With guidance, begin to notice patterns in their data e.g. order their findings, sequence best to worst, say what happened over time, etc. Recognise if results matched predictions. (say if results were what they expected) Use their recordings to talk about and describe what has happened	Begin to use simple scientific language (from year 2 PoS) to explain what they have found out. Give a simple, logical reason why something happened (e.g. I think because)	Begin to discuss if the test was unfair
Year 1	With help, carry out a simple test/comparative test With help, make a simple prediction or suggestion about what might happen Begin to suggest some ideas e.g. choose which equipment to use, choose which materials to test from a selection Talk about ways of setting up a test	Measure using non-standard units e.g. how many lolly sticks/cubes/handfuls, etc. Observe closely, using simple equipment (e.g. hand lenses, egg timers) Use senses to compare different textures, sounds and smells	Communicate their ideas to a range of audiences in a variety of ways Complete a pre-constructed table / chart using picture records or simple words Contribute to a class display Add annotations to drawings or photographs Begin to use some simple scientific language from yr1 PoS Record simple visual representations of observations made	Use recordings to talk about and describe what happened Sequence photographs of an event/observation	Begin to use simple scientific language (from yr1 PoS) to talk about what they have found out or why something happened	N/A in Year 1
Transition	Come up with new things to try/test Demonstrate some resilience and try different ideas Talk about things they are testing	Use senses and simple equipment to make observations	Begin to record observations as Drawings (talk about them / annotated by an adult) Photographs (talk about them/annotated by an adult)	With prompts, say what they have seen / what has happened	N/A at this level	N/A at this level